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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/511,249	03/24/2005	Christophe Genevois	740612-189	8701	
	7590 07/31/200 S OF STUART J. FRIE	EXAMINER			
28930 RIDGE I		KIM, EDWARD J			
MT. AIRY, MD 21771			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2155		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application	on No.	Applicant(s)				
	Office Action Commence	10/511,24	9	GENEVOIS, CHRISTOPHE				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit				
		EDWARD	J. KIM	2155				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communicat or Reply	ion appears on the	cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	idress			
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any (	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAIL asions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communical period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutore to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, the period by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ING DATE OF TH CFR 1.136(a). In no evaluation. y period will apply and will by statute, cause the app	IIS COMMUNICATION ent, however, may a reply be tin Il expire SIX (6) MONTHS from ication to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this of (35 U.S.C. § 133).	•			
Status								
1)[\	Responsive to communication(s) filed or	n 30 January 200	Q					
•	•	☐ This action is n						
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
٥/ا	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are pending in the appli	ication.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	i) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
	S)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected.							
· ·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
•	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	and/or election re	equirement.					
Applicati	on Papers							
9)□	The specification is objected to by the Ex	kaminer.						
•	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)		objected to by the I	Examiner.				
,	Applicant may not request that any objection		-					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>								
2)  Notic 3)  Inform	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-9 mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	nte				

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. This office action is in response to the amendment filed on 01/30/2008.

2. Claims 1-10 are pending in this office action.

# Response to Amendment

3. The examiner withdraws previous objections to the Application.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 5. <u>Claims 1, 8, and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Rabne et al. hereinafter Rabne (US Patent #6,006,332 filed on 10/21/1997).</u>

Rabne teaches the invention as claimed including a Rights Management (RM) system for digital media.

Regarding claim 1, Rabne teaches, a method of operating a conditional access network wherein providers distribute valuable contents over the network and end-users are allowed to access such valuable contents in function of individual access rights, the valuable contents being made available to the end-users by way of a plurality of different conditional access systems (Rabne, Abstract. Rabne teaches that the launch pad searches and requests an appropriate RM browser, which has to be authenticated before use, to handle the data. According to the

invention taught by Rabne, different browsers/systems are obtained for handling the data.), comprising the steps of:

providing end-users with a generic conditional access component having a basic functionality common to all conditional access systems (Rabne, col.3 ln.54-59, col.6 ln.61 - col.7 ln.4, col.7 ln.1-5. The launch pad program taught by Rabne is considered to be a generic conditional access component as it resides on the client, having a basic functionality for access to all other RM browsers/conditional access systems.);

loading particular conditional access systems on the conditional access component (Rabne, Abstract, col.6 ln.61-66, col.7:1-14, col.10 ln.34-36, col.10 ln.64-67. An appropriate RM browser (conditional access system) is downloaded to the end-user on the launch pad program (conditional access component) for handling the data.);

initially disabling the particular conditional access systems thus loaded on the component; acquiring a license for a particular conditional access system and enabling the conditional access system subject to a successful verification of the license (Rabne, col.7 ln.9-14, col.8 ln.34-38, col.10 ln.56, col.11 ln.2-4. According to the disclosure by Rabne, the downloaded RM browser is disabled and needs to be authenticated prior to use through license verification.).

Regarding claim 8, Rabne teaches, a conditional access component for use in a conditional access network wherein a provider distributes valuable contents over the network and end-users are allowed to access such valuable contents in function of individual access rights defined by a user license (Rabne, Abstract, col.7 ln.9-14, col.8 ln.34-38, col.10 ln.56, col.11 ln.2-4. Rabne teaches that the invention is used for text, audio and video data transmission, where the

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launch pad searches and requests an appropriate RM browser to handle the data. Prior to the use of the RM browser, it has to be authenticated. According to the disclosure by Rabne, the downloaded RM browser is disabled and needs to be authenticated prior to use through license verification.), comprising a basic functionality common to a plurality of different conditional access systems used in the network, a non-volatile memory for storing specific application software that constitutes a particular conditional access system in conjunction with the basic functionality (Rabne, col.3 ln.54-59, col.6 ln.61 - col.7 ln.4, col.7 ln.1-5. The launch pad program taught by Rabne is considered to be a generic conditional access component as it resides on the client, having a basic functionality for access to all other RM browsers/conditional access systems. ), the particular conditional access system being initially disabled when the specific application is loaded in the non-volatile memory, means for acquiring a license for the particular conditional access system, and means for selectively enabling the particular conditional access system subject to a successful verification of a corresponding license (Rabne, col.7 ln.9-14, col.8 ln.34-38, col.10 ln.56, col.11 ln.2-4. According to the disclosure by Rabne, the downloaded RM browser is disabled and needs to be authenticated prior to use through license verification.).

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Regarding claim 9, Rabne teaches the limitations, as claimed as described in claim 8, and further teaches, a conditional access component comprising a memory for storing at least one conditional access application associated with a particular conditional access system and means for loading said application into said memory (Rabne, col.1 ln.1-34, col.10 ln.34-40. Rabne teaches that the RMc browsers are downloaded and stored at the end-user.).

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## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
  - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
  - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
  - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
  - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 8. <u>Claims 2-7, and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rabne, in view of Kamperman et al. hereinafter Kamperman ("Conditional access system interoperability through soft downloading").</u>

Regarding claim 2, Rabne disclosed the limitations, as described in claim 1, however fails to teach the use of digital transport stream that contains Entitlement Management Messages (EMMs).

Kamperman discloses an interoperable conditional access system through software downloading, including the use of EMMs. Kamperman discloses a method, wherein valuable contents are distributed in a digital transport stream that contains Entitlement Management Messages "EMMs" specific to each conditional access system (Kamperman, p.48 Section 2: 1st

paragraph. Kamperman discloses a method of operating a conditional access system for Digital Pay-TV and the use of EMMs for authorizing the use of key for every separate program and for every separate user.).

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of Rabne to include the EMMs as taught by Kamperman. One would be motivated to do so to prevent users from acquiring unauthorized access to Satellite or Cable TV Broadcasts.

Regarding claim 3, Rabne teaches the limitations, as described in claim 2, and further discloses the method of claim 2, however, fails to disclose a filter unit for filtering out EMMs.

Kamperman discloses a method wherein each conditional access component includes a filter unit for filtering out the specific EMMs of conditional access systems (Kamperman, p.47 Right Column: 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph, p.49 Left Column: 3<sup>rd</sup> paragraph, Fig.2 ("ECM, EMM Section Filter" component). According to Kamperman, EMMs are filtered out of the data stream.) enabled on the component and a verifier unit for the verification of access rights defined by the filtered specific EMMs (Kamperman et al. p.48 Right Column: 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph. Kamperman discloses that the filtered out EMMs are used for authorizing the use of a key for every separate conditional access system, for determining the access rights of the user.).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of Rabne to include a filter unit as taught by Kamperman. One would be motivated to do so to filter out the EMMs accordingly from the data stream and conduct verification for determining the access rights of the user.

Regarding claim 4, Rabne disclosed the limitations, as described in claim 3, and further discloses, a method wherein the valuable contents in the transport stream are scrambled, each conditional access component has a descrambler adapted to process a scrambled transport stream into a clear transport stream, and the descrambler is enabled or disabled in function of a successful or unsuccessful verification, respectively, of the access rights (Rabne, col.6 ln.31-45, col.7 ln.9-19, col.11 ln.55-61, col.22 ln.28-51. Rabne discloses that the valuable contents are encrypted and decrypted only by the verified authorized receivers. According to the disclosure by Rabne, the downloaded RM browser is disabled and needs to be authenticated prior to use through license verification.).

Regarding claim 5, Rabne disclosed the limitations, as described in claims 1 to 4, and further discloses, a method wherein each conditional access system has an associated application for execution by the conditional access component (Rabne, col.3 ln.56-59, col.6 ln.66 – col.7 ln.4, coll.10 ln.52-53. Appropriate applications, such as RM browsers, are downloaded for each conditional access system.).

Regarding claim 6, Rabne in view of Kamperman disclosed the limitations, as described in claim 5, and further discloses a method wherein applications are downloaded over the network from a conditional access application provider (Rabne, Abstract, col.3 ln.56-59, col.7 ln.5-14. It is disclosed by Rabne that the RM browsers are downloaded from the RM servers.).

Regarding claim 7, Rabne disclosed the limitations, substantially as claimed, as described in claim 1, and further discloses a method wherein the network includes service channels for the transmission of configuration data to the conditional access components (Rabne, col.10 ln.63-67, col.11 ln.55-60. Rabne discloses the use of channels for the transmission.).

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Regarding claim 10, Rabne disclosed the limitations as described in claim 8, however, fails to disclose the use of EMMs.

Kamperman discloses a conditional access component wherein the valuable contents are distributed in a digital transport stream that contains Entitlement Management Messages "EMMs" specific to each conditional access system (Kamperman, p.48 Section 2: 1<sup>st</sup> paragraph. Kamperman discloses a method of operating a conditional access system for Digital Pay-TV and the use of EMMs for authorizing the use of key for every separate program and for every separate user.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of Rabne to include the EMMs as taught by Kamperman. One would be motivated to do so to prevent users from acquiring unauthorized access to Satellite or Cable TV Broadcasts.),

Rabne also fails to disclose a filter unit for filtering out EMMs.

Kamperman discloses a system wherein comprising a filter unit for filtering out specific EMMs of conditional access systems enabled on the component (Kamperman, p.47 Right Column: 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph, p.49 Left Column: 3<sup>rd</sup> paragraph, Fig.2 ("ECM, EMM Section Filter" component). According to Kamperman, EMMs are filtered out of the data stream.) and a verifier unit for the verification of access rights defined by the filtered specific EMMs (Kamperman et al. p.48 Right Column: 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph. Kamperman discloses that the filtered out EMMs are used for authorizing the use of a key for every separate conditional access system, to verify the access rights of the user.).

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of Rabne to include a filter unit as taught by Kamperman. One would be motivated to do so to filter out the EMMs accordingly from the data stream and conduct verification for determining the access rights of the user.

# Response to Arguments

9. Applicant's arguments filed 01/30/2008 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

The Examiner has noted in the previous action,

"Examiner has cited particular columns and line numbers in the references applied to the claims above for the convenience of the applicant. Although the specified citations are representative of the teachings of the art and are applied to specific limitations within the individual claim, other passages and figures may apply as well. It is respectfully requested from the applicant in preparing responses, to fully consider the references in entirety as potentially teaching all or part of the claimed invention, as well as the context of the passage as taught by the prior art or disclosed by the Examiner." (refer to Examiner's Note in the Conclusion section of the Office Action on 10/03/2007)

# The Applicant argues,

"The elements of claims 1, 8 and 9 are not disclosed by Rabne et al. Specifically Rabne et al fails to disclose a preloaded conditional access component wherein the preloaded systems are disabled until a purchase action, such as acquiring a license, is performed and wherein means are provided for selectively enabling at least one of the preloaded systems subject to successful verification of the license." (refer to last paragraph of pg.3 in the Amendment filed 01/30/2008), and,

"Rabne et al does not disclose preloading software access systems in a conditional access component, which systems are disabled when installed, and which may be selectively

enabled by the end user by acquiring a license, which is verified by the system." (refer to first paragraph of pg.4 in the Amendment filed 01/30/2008).

The Examiner respectfully disagrees.

Rabne, Abstract. Rabne teaches that the launch pad searches and requests an appropriate RM browser, which has to be authenticated before use, to handle the data. According to the invention taught by Rabne, different browsers/systems are obtained for handling the data. If the browsers present on the cient side are not found to be capable of the security features required, a browser/system is downloaded to provide the requirements (Rabne, col.12 ln.51-67). The launch pad program taught by Rabne is considered to be a generic conditional access component as it resides on the client, having a basic functionality for access to all other RM browsers/conditional access systems (Rabne, col.3 ln.54-59, col.4 ln.13-16, col.6 ln.61 - col.7 ln.4, col.7 ln.1-5.). An appropriate RM browser (conditional access system) is downloaded to the end-user on the launch pad program (conditional access component) for handling the requested data (Rabne, Abstract, col.6 ln.61-66, col.7:1-14, col.10 ln.34-36, col.10 ln.64-67.). According to the disclosure by Rabne, the downloaded RM browser is disabled and needs to be authenticated prior to use through license verification (Rabne, col.7 ln.9-14, col.8 ln.34-38, col.10 ln.56, col.11 ln.2-4). Rabne teaches that the invention is used for text, audio and video data transmission, where the launch pad searches and requests an appropriate RM browser to handle the data. According to the disclosure by Rabne, the downloaded RM browser is disabled and needs to be authenticated prior to use through license verification. (Rabne, Abstract, col.7 ln.9-14, col.8 ln.34-38, col.10 ln.56, col.11 ln.2-4, col.13 ln.15-25, col.14 ln.24-34).

The Applicant stated in the Amendment that a conditional access system refers to a "proprietary security system pertaining to the valuable content distributed by a content provider"

(refer to last paragraph of pg.2 of the Amendment filed 01/30/2008). Rabne discloses a system that monitors and controls access to valuable content distributed by a content provider, as explained above, which is preloaded and requires authentication before the system is enabled for handling the content. The Applicant stated that a conditional access component is the "interface between a host apparatus receiving and processing the audio/visual content and the security module" (refer to last paragraph of pg.1 of the Amendment field 01/30/2008). Launch pad program is an interface between the RMc browsers, which includes the required security modules, and the host apparatus receiving the content (explained above).

In re to the arguments, the Examiner respectfully disagrees and notes that the claims as presented, when given the broadest reasonable interpretations, as required during examination, still read on the prior art cited.

#### Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

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however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing

date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to EDWARD J. KIM whose telephone number is (571)270-3228.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 7:30am - 5:00pm EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Saleh Najjar can be reached on (571) 272-4006. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

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information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Edward J Kim/

Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2155

/saleh najjar/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2155